THE SOMERSET HERALD.

AND FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' REGISTER.

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New Series.] TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1846, [Vol. 4.—No. 15.

Orphans' Court Sale of

Real Estate.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Somerset county, there will be exposed to sale by way of public vendue or outcry on the premises, on Saturday the 14th day of March next, the following real estate, late the property of Andrew Bird deceased viz:

One tract of Land,

situate in Addison township, adjoining lands of John P. H. Walker John A. Mitchell. Robert Robison and others, containing 270 acres more or less, on whice are erected two dwelling houses, barn and other buildings.

—ALSO—

One other tract adjoining lands of John A Mitchell, Robert Robison. Thomas Glissen, James Wilkins and others containing 260 acres more or less, on which are erected a dwelling house barn and other buildings.

TERMS:—one third to remain a lien on the premises, the interest thereof to be paid to the widow annually, during her life time, and at her death to be equally divided among the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased. One third of the balance in hand and the remoinder in three equal annual payments without interest to be secured on the property by judgment bonds.

Attendance will be given by John Hanna. Administator of the estate of said deceased. By the Court.

W. H. PICKING, Clerk.

Feb 3. 1846.

PRAY BE SEATED!

Don't stand up while chairs and sofas are so cheap.

CHAIR& CABINET

MANU- FACTORY.

WM. B. COFFROTH,

WOULD respectfully inform his old customers and the public in general, that he has purchased from Mr. Jacob Myers, chair maker and wheel wright his entire stock of materials and has commenced the chair making business with that of cabinet making, at his shop on main street in the Borough of Somerset, one door east of the residence of Simon Gebhart Esq., where he will constantly keep on hand and will make to order, *common fancy and Mahogony Chairs, bed steads, wheels,*

BUREAUS,

Tables, Stands, Settees, Sofas, &c., &c., &c.,

He will sell common chairs at $5 per set, and other articles in proportion.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore extended to him, he would invite the public to call and exemine his work, which he will warrant to be made of the best materials and finished in the neatest and most durable manner.

Approved country produce will be taken in exchange for work, at the highest market prices.

ap8'45.

Valuable Farm

AT

Private Sale.

SITUATE in Shade township, Somerset county, adjoining lands of David Rogers, Jesse Berkebile, John Powel and others, containing about

350 ACRES

of land, about one hundred and fifty of which are cleared, the remainder is covered with the best of timber; there is a good proportion of meadow and there may be one hundred acres made into the best of meadow, the

UPLAND

will all produce clover and timothy, and every species of grain; the land nearly all lies to the sun, and it is decidedly the best tract in that part of the county. It lies about a mile and a half from the old furnace, and about three miles from the new one, it contains an abundance of

IRON ORE,

and there is every indication of coal on many parts of the surface. The improvements are indifferent, consisting of an old log barn and house, and a new log stable; there are on the premises many fine never failing springs of the purest water; there is not perhaps in the county a farm combining more advantages as a grazing, dairy and grain farm, it has on it a small

ORCHARD,

and is under tolerably good fence. Persons wishing to purchase a good property are requested to call on Robert W. Mason living on the premises, who will show them every part thereof, or to enquire concerning it of Mr Postlethwaite in Somerset, or of the subscriber living in the borough of Stoystown.

JOSEPH MASON.

February 10, 1846.

To a Missionary.

Go, herald of salvation—
Go, messenger of bliss,
To every heathen nation,
With messages of peace.
Illume with living splendor,
The lands in midnight gloom;
Array in matchless grandeur,
The wastes that never bloom.

Go, heal the sick and dying—
Go, be the wanderer's guide;
Go, lead the soul that's sighing,
To bathe in calvary's tide.
Go, bid the star of morning,
From Bethlehem's forest shine,
And barren wastes adorning
Illume with light divine.

THE RESCUE.

In the autumn of 1777, when Lord Howe had possesssion of Philadelphia, the situation of the Americans who could not follow their beloved commander, was truly distressing. Subject to the every day assaults of cruel and oppressive foes—bound to pay obedience to laws, predicated on the momentary power of a proud and vindictive commander—it can better be pictured than described. To obtain the common necessaries of life, (particularly flour,) they had to go as far as Bristol—a distance of eighteen or twenty miles—and even this indulgence was not granted them, until a pass was procured from Lord Howe, as guards were placed along Vine street, extending from the Delaware to the Schuylkill, forming a complete barrier; beyond these, through the woods, extending as far as Frankfort, were stationed piquet guards—thus rendering it in a matter impossible to reach the Bristol Mills, unless first obtaining a pass.

The commander in Chief of the American forces was then encamped at the Valley Forge, suffering from cold, hunger, and the inclemency of the season.—

The British rolled in plenty, and spent their days in feasting, and their nights in balls and riots, and dissipation, thus resting in security, while the American chieftian was planning a mode for their final extirpation. A poor woman with six small children, whose husband was at the Valley Forge, had made frequent application for a pass. Engagements rendered it impossible for her cruel tormentors to give her one. Rendered desperate from disappointment, and the cries of her children, she started alone without a pass, and by good luck eluded the guards and reached Bristol.

It will be remembered by many now living that six brothers by the name of Loale or Doale, about this time committed many acts of heroic bravery, but more in the character of maranders than of soldiers. They were men full six feet high, stout and active, and they always succeeded in making their escape. A marked partiality to the Americans rendered them obnoxious to the British, and always welcome to the former, to whom they conveyed what information they could in their adventures.

Our adventurous female, having procured some flour in a pillow case holding about twenty pounds, was returning home with a light heart to her anxious and lonely babes. She had passed the piquet guards at Frankford, and was just entering the woods a little this side when a tall stout man stepped from behind a tree, and put a letter in her hand requesting her to read it. She grasped with eager joy the letter bearing the character of her husband's writing. After a pause he said, "your husband is well, madam, and requested me to say, that in a short time he will be with you; money is a scarce article among us—I mean among them; but on account of your husband's partiality to the cause of liberty, I am willing to become his banker. So saying he handed a purse of money. "My means are adequate or I would not be thus lavish," she was about to refuse it.

"You said my husband would see me shortly, how do you know that which seems so impossible? And how do you know me, who never—"

"Hush, madam, we are now approaching the British guard; suffice it to say, the American commander has that in his head which like an earthquake, will shake the whole American continent, and expunge these miscreants; but hark, take the road to the left—farewell."

So saying he departed. She gave one look, but vacancy filled the spot where he stood. With slow and cautious step she approached Vine street. Already her fire burned beneath her bread, when the awful word "halt" struck her to the soul. She started and found her self in the custody of a British sentinel. "Your pass woman."—"I have none, sir; my children are"—"D———n the rebel crew, why do you breed enemics to your king—this flour is mine—off woman and die with your babes. A groan was her only answer. The ruffian was about departing, when the former messenger approached—his whole demeanor was changed; humble simplicity marked his gait—he approached the guard with seeming fearfulness and begged him in a supplicant voice to give the poor woman her flour. "Fool! idiot!" exclaimed the guard, "who are you? you see yonder guard house,—if you interfere here you shall be its inmate, "May be so sir; but won't you give the poor woman the means of supporting her litle family one week longer? Recollect the distance she has walked the weight of the bag, and recollect.'—

"Death and fury, sirrah! Why bid recollect? You plead in vain—begone, or I'll seize you as a spy.

"You wont give the poor woman her flour?"

"No."

"Then by me country's faith and hopes of freedom, you shall!" and with a powerful arm, he seized the guard by the throat and hurled him to the ground, "Run, madam, run see the guard house is alive—seize your flour, pass Vine street and yon are safe." 'Twas done. The guard made an attempt to rise and when the stranger drew a pistol, shot him dead. The unfortunate man gazed around him with a fearless intrepidity.—There was but one way of escape, and that through the woods. Seizing the dead man's musket he started like a deer pursued by the hounds. "Shoot him down! down with him!" was echoed from one to another. The soldier was lost in the wood, and a general search commenced; the object of their search flew like lightning; the main guard was left behind, but the piqued would soon be alarmed—one conrse alone presented itself, and that was to mount his horse, which was concealed among the bushes, and gallop down to the Delaware: a boat was ready there for him. The thought was no sooner suggested than it was put in execution.—He mounted his horse, and eluding the alarmed guards, had nearly reached the Delaware.

Here he found himself headed and hemmed in by at least fifty exasperated soldiers. One sprang from behind a tree and demanded immediate surrender.—

"Tis useless to prevaricate; you are now our prisoner, and your boat is in our possession." "Son of a slave! to a king! how dare you address a freeman! Surrender yourself—a Doale never surrendered himself to any man, far blinded poltroon—away or die,' and he attempted to pass. The guard levelled his gun; but himself was levelled to the dust; the ball of Doale's pistol had been swifter than his own, His case was now truly desperate; behind him was the whole line of guards—on the north of him the Frankford piquets, and on the left of him the city of Philadelphia. fiilled with British troops.

One way, and one only, presented itself, and that was to eross the river. He knew his horse; he plunged in—a shout succeeded; and ere he reached half the distance, twenty armed boats were in swift pursuit. His noble horse dashed through the Delaware; his master spurred him on with doubled interest, while the balls whistled around him. The tide was running down, and when he reached the Jersey shore, he found himself immediately opposite the old slip at Market street. On reaching the shore he turned round took out a pistol, and with a steady aim, fired at the first boat. A man fell over the side and sunk to rise, no more. He then disappeared in the wood. The angry, harrassed, and disappointed pursuers gave one look, one curse. and returned to the Pennsylvania shore, fully believing that if he was not the devil, he was one of his principal agents.

The Deaf and Dumb Asylum.

The annual Report of the Directors of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb for 1845, is received, by which we learn that although its funds are waxing low with well-doing, its prosperity and usefulness are active and onward.—In the course of 1845, twenty-five deaf mutes were admitted, and as many dismissed. There are at present in the institution one hundred and six, 56 males and 50 females. Of the whole number:

70	are supported by	Pennsylvania,
13	"	New Jersey,
7	"	Maryland,
3	"	Delaware,
13	"	friends of the Institution
Tot 106		

Of those admitted into the Institution during the year 1845, 15 were born deaf, and 9 became so from incidental diseases.

The Directors regret the frequent necessity of refusing to admit applicants for want of funds in the treasury. We trust this will be speedily remedied by our benevolent countrymen.

The pupils sent by New Jersey, Delaware, and Maryland, are limited to five years instuction; whereas six at least should be granted.

The terms of admission are one hundred and sixty dollars per annum. For which sum every thing necessary is provided, including the usual clothing of the Institution, boarding, lodging, washing, tuition, stationary and medical attendance or one hundred and thirty dollars per annum, in case the clothing is furnished by the parents or friends of the pupil. Payments are expected to be made in advance every six months. Deaf and dumb children are not received under ten years of age.

Donations to the Library, of Books, Maps, Pictures, &c., and the Cabinet, of Apparatus, Specimens, Curiosities of Nature and Art, will be received at the Institution.

The following form of a devtse or bequest may be of importance to some of our benevolent citizens:—I give, devise and bequeath to "The Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb,' &c.

An application by letter to the Principal of the Institution, will obtain instructions how to proceed to gain admission for a pupil, &c.—Sat. Cou.

[From the N. O. Picayune.

FOREIGN INTERFERENCE.

Mexican and Central American Affairs.

On several distinct occasions we have been called upon to allude to the designs of Europe upon this continent, and more particularly upon Mexico and Central America. That there is some project on foot to acquire for Europe an ascendency in Mexico and those countries immediately south, whose territories are bounded by the two oceans, is beyond a question. It might be hazardous to assert that these designs have assumed an absolutely specific character. It is possible they may be modified by contingencies arising in the progress of an interference which is certainly systematic, in so far as the ultimate purpose of establishing European antagonist interests in the territories in question is concerned. Glimmerings of the ambitious projects of which we speak, at intervals loom through the mystery which surrounds the councils of cabinets, and frequently plainer visions are had in developements of startling consequence.

It was more than hin ed in the Euaopean press, after the consummation of the Texas movement, that a scheme had been agitated in the English and French cabinets to place one of Louis Philippe's sons on the Mexican throne, The failere of European diplomacy in the matter of annexation was subject of taunt across the English channel, and in replication to a charge of duplicity against the French cabinet, the English were sneered at for having discountenanced the continental plan for preserving the interests of Mexico—including Texas. In the course of this mutual crimination, the project leaked; but before this, intelligent travellers from Mexico frequently informed us that emissaries had travelled through the central states of Mexico to feel how the popular pulse would beat under a regal REGIME.

Latterly this proposition has been varied, and new ones mooted. The idea of reducing the Mexican States to colonial dependencies upon old Spain has met with favor in many quarters; the proposal of the Bourbon family has a again been discussed; and a triple alliance between France, England and Spain, for the direction of Mexican and South American affairs, proposed and considered. That some one of these plans, or some other equally objectionable, has not been settled upon before now, is, we apprehend, owing to difficulties the contracting parties met with in adjusting the terms of the alliance of partitioning the booty to be divided. The negotiations failed perchance in arranging the "Balance of Power" in America—a doctrine or rather a principle of oppression which our transatlantic guardians would graft upon American politics. They have, all of them, one cardinal object in view, the crippling of the just influence of the United States in their hemisphere—but in reducing the measure of opposition which each should contribute to that end, and the amount of plunder each should receive in turn, to fixed and determinate quantities, it was not surprising that jealousies between themselves should have hindered or delayed the negotiations. Hence it may be there is yet no plan absolutely agreed upon for the reduction of the Mexican and Central American Republics.

However this may be, whatsoever the actual condition of the compact, the main object of the Governments concerned is being continually enforced. In the recent revolution of Paredes, we behold one developement of the European league. The prospect of a renewal of friendly relations between the United States and Mexico was seized upon by foreign emisaries as a topic to influence popular passion. The soldiery and rabble were aroused and supported by missionary demagogues and adventitious contributions. The expedition of Paredes was put on foot at San Luis Potosi, and the rebel banner was first unfurled in a district especially under foreign influence. European arts, combined with individual and military ambition, triumphed over the law and government. But it was not more a triumph over the administration of Herrera than it was a victory over American interests. The conquering General recruited his army by denouncing the United States, and the first act of his administration was to contemn a Minister sent thither from this country under a stipulation solemnly agreed upon.

Our correspondent at Havana, before the establishment of the revolution was known in Cuba, threw out hints of the most significant import on this subject. He predicted the success of Paredes because he was the tool (cats-paw) of the two factions—"one led by the Almonte and Santa Anna faction, the other got up and wire-pulled by the British and Spanish ministers, who call themselves the MONARCHICAL PARTY." The French minister was for the time being absent from Mexico, having left that country on account of a personal row in which he involved himself with such sacrifice of dignity and character to give rise to a suspicion that his expulsion was courted for some ulterior and sinister object. It has been so long since the Spanish Government was mixed up in any great movement on this side of the ocean, that her diplomatists mutter their affairs, and hence the matter transpired in Havana before the result of Parades' expedition was known.

In this connection the following paragraph, which first made its appearance in "El Imparcial," a periodical of the Isle of the 14th Dec. may shed some light. We find the article re-produced in the "Memorial Historico" of the 4th inst.—The latter journal is the "Siglo" revived, and is published in Mexico, under the eyes of the new authorities. We quote as follows:

"By way of Havana, it is known that Spain, France and England have entered into an alliance to place in Mexico and Guatemala a stable and liberal Government, for which purpose each power will furnish a quota of men; at the same time it is assured that England has already at sea thirty ships of the line, which are on their way to the Gulf of Mexico."

The Yucatan editor states that a knowledge of what has before transpired renders this intelligence worthy of credence. The "Imparcial" deplores the condition of the Spanish Republics, but without acknowleging outright the crisis to be so humiliating as to render the interventton necessary. It thinks the three powers mean to give effect to the projected movement. I indulges forebodings of ulterior purposes on the part of the interventors, and winds up with a flourish of patriotism and valor.

The publication of articles like these in one department of Mexico, and their reproduction in others, without comment prove that the conspirators think it time to fimiliarize the public mind with the idea of European succor, followed by a European dynasty. We have before stated that the schemes bruited have been unfolded in convenient places by adepts of the monarchial party. A system of proselytizing has been privately but persevereingly pursued, as we have reason to believe, in a majority of the States, and every new revolution has been improved by the very persons who assisted in getting it up, to encourage the belief that nothing short of a Monarchy, with European alliances, could secure the integrity and internal quiet of the country.

In this posture of American affairs, does it befit the United States to remain passive? Should the weakness of Mexico serve any longer as an excuse for insolence, especially as there is good reason to believe her contumely is prompted by stronger powers? It would seem that nothing was wanting to convince every mind that peace will never be restored as long as the United States evinces a tolerance of the present state of quasi-war. It is capital for demagogues, revolutionists, and forign intriguers. Hatred of Americans is becoming a constitutional feeling in Mexico, whilst Frenchmen are better received, notwithstanding France and Mexico have been at actual blows within a few years. A proper redress of injuries and insult inspires respect; and respect is the precurser of individual and national friendships. The sufference of the United States under repeated indignities, has inspired the Mexicans with contempt as well as hatred of us, and Europeans receive her admiration whilst we get her gasconade. This is no longer harmless. It is doing positive and continual hurt. It is exciting, day by day, a greater and more inveterate dislike of the United States amongst a near people, and in territories becoming a theatre on which the problem whether European or American rule shall sway the destinies of the Western continent will be decided.

Fearful Steamboat Disaster.

VERY SAD EVENT AT SEA—LOSS OF A FRENCH GOVERNMENT STEAMER, AND SEVENTY HUMAN BEINGS!

We lerrn by onr foreign papers tnat the steamer Papin was lost on the 6th of December, on the African coast, near Magadore, and half of her crew, 75, perished; among them were M. Moray Monge, the Consul at Magadore M. Fleuriot de Langle, commandant of the vessel, and all the staff of the vessel, with exception of M. de St. Pierre, a volunteer. She left Cadiz on the 5th of December, for Senegal, and a storm coming on, she grounded on a sand bank, nine miles north of Magadore, near the main land. At 4 o'clock on the morning of the 7th, she was quite full, and the sea dashing over her deck. At 5 o'clock the chimney fell, and killed several persons. At half-past 5 A. M., M. Moray Monge, the French Consul at Magadore, was washed overboard by a wave, and immediately disappeared. A few moments afterwards M. Dieul, second-lieutenant on board, met with the same fate. Several persons then threw themselves into the sea to lay hold of the spars, &c., which were constantly being washed from the wreck, or to try to gain the shore by swimming.—The greater part of them sank to rise no more. Some few, after the most desperate efforts, reached Azimour, a village three miles to the north of the wreck.—They fell in with some Moors, who instantly came to their relief; one of them gave his burnous (cloak) to M. du Bourdieu, commissary at Goree, and who had embarked as a passenger on board the Papin. Some camels, laden with brambles, having arrived, the Arabs kindled a fire to warm the unfortunate shipwrecked passengers. At 11 o'clock A. M., the persons who had succeeded in reaching the shore amounted to 30. The mainmast, which had continued standing until that time, although the Papin was divided in two, fell, and in the descent either crushed to death or carried overboard not less than 30 persons. The Arabs displayed, upon this occasion, as much courage as humanity. In less than two hours they succeeded in bringing off 44 persons, carrying them upon their shoulders, and swimming with them through a very heavy sea. Of 151 persons on board the Papin, 76 only remain to tell the fearful tale.

New Agricultural Wrinkle.

A funny story is told of an old friend of ours—one who, sick and tired of the care and bustle of a city life, has retired into the country and "gone to farming," as the saying is. His land, albeit well situated and commanding sundry romantic prospects, was not so particularly fertile as some we have seen—required scientific culture and a liberal use of guano of some sort to induce an abundant yield. So far by way of explanation.

Once upon a time, as the story-books say, our friend, being on a short visit to the, city, was attending an auction sale down town, and it so happened, they were selling damaged sausages at the time.

There were some eight or ten barrels of them, and they were "just goin at fifty cents per barrel," when the auctioneer, with all apparent seriousness remarked that they were worth more than that to manure land with. Here was an idea. "Sixty-two ond a half," said our friend. "Just going at sixty-two and a half—third ane last call—gone," retorted the auctioneer. "Cash takes them at sixty-two and half per barrel."

To have them shipped for country seat was the immediate work of our friend, and as it was then planting time, and the sausages, to use a common expression, were "getting no better very fast;" to have them safe under ground, and out of the way was his next movement. He was about to plant a field of several acres of corn—so, here was just the spot for his new experiment in agriculture, this new wrinkle in the science of geoponics. One "link" of sausage being deemed amply sufficient, that amount was placed in each hill, accompanied by the usual number of kernels of corn and occasional pumkin seed, and all were nicely covered over in the usual style. Now, after premising that several days have occurred since the corn was planted, the sequel of the story shall be told in a dialogue between our friend and one of his neighbors.

Neigbor.—"Well, friend, have you planted your corn?"

Friend.—"Yes, several days since."

Neighbor.—"Is it up yet?"

Friend.—"Up! yes; up and gone; the most of it."

Neighbor.—How's that?"

Friend.—"Well, you see I bought a lot of damaged sausages in Orleans the other day, a smooth-tougued auctioneer saying they would make excellent manure, if nothing else. I brought the lot over, commenced planting my corn at once, as it was time, placed a sausage in each hill, and—

Neighbor.—"Well, and what?

Friend.—"And felt satisfied that I had made a good job of it. Some days ago I went out to the field to see how my corn was coming on, and a pretty piece of business I have made of trying agricultural experiments.

Neighbor.—Why, what was the matter?"

Friend.—"Matter! the first thing I saw, before reaching the field, was the greatest lot of dogs digging and scratching all over it! There were my dogs and your dogs, and all the neighbors' dogs besides about three hundred strange dogs I never set eyes on before, and every one was hare at mining after the sausages.—Somehow or other, the rascally whelps had scented out the business, and they have dug up every hill by this time. If I could set every dog of them on that auctioneer I'd be satisfied."—N. O Pic.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, February 11, 1846.

NEW YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.

Mr. Knox moved to proceed to the consideration of the New York and Erie railroad bill. On this Mr. Kunkel demanded the yeas and nays, which were as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Berbar, Bartholamew, Butz, Bigham, Brough, Brackenridge, Burns, Burrell, Campbell, Chesnut, Clark, Cross, Daly, Edie, Eldred, Fassett, Funston, Galloway, Gray, Gwin, Haymaker, Ives, Johnson, Knox, Ladley, Means, Merrifield, Mitchell, Morison, M'Abee, M'Clelland, M'Curdy, M'Farland, Nicholson, Power, Pumroy, of Franklin, Pomeroy, of Mercer, Price, Robison, Samuels, Shuman, Starr, Stewart of Franklin, Steuart of Lycoming, Strouss, Thomas of Chester, Thomas of Susquehanna, Van Hoff, Wadsworth, Webb, Wilson, Worrel, Patterscn, Speaker—54.

NAYS. Messrs. Armstrong, Bachman Bassler, Boughner, Boyer, Bright, Connor, Donaldson, Dotts, Fernon, Hallowell, Hill of Montgomery, Hineline, Hoffman, James, Keller, Kunkel, Larkin, Levan, Magehan, Matthias, M'Crum, M'Curley, Owen, Rider, Rupert Snyder, Stetler, Steel, Taggart. Tice, Trego, Worman—34.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Mr. Trego offered an amendment providing for a connection of the North Branch canal with the Shenango and Chemung canal.

Mr. Knox opposed the amendment.—He said that it came from the enemies of the bill. He hoped the friends of the bill would vote againt it. On this adoption the yeas and nays being demanded were as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Armstrong, Bachmnn Beatz, Boughner, Boyer, Connor, Daly, Dotts, Eneu, Fernon Forsyth, Funston, Haley, Hallowel, Hill of Montgomery, Hineline, Hoffman, James, Keller, Kunkel; Ladley, Larkin, Levan Mathias, Mitchell, M'Curley, M'Farland, Owen, Rupert, Snyder, Steel, Stetler, Strouss, Taggart, Tice, Trego, Weest, Worman, Patterson, Speaker—40.

NAYS—Messrs. Barber, Barthowomew, Bigham, Bight, Burns, Burrell, Campbell, Chesnut, Clark, Cochran, Cross Edie, Eldred, Fassett, Galloway, Gray, Gwin, Haymaker, Hill of Fayette, Ives, Johnson, Knox, Magehan, Means, Merrifield, Morrison, McCurdy, Nicholson, Power, Pumroy of Franklin, Pumeroy of Mercer, Price, Robison. Samuels, Shuman, Starr, Stewart of Franklin, Steuart of Lycoming, Thomas of Chester, Thomas of Susq, Van Hoff, Wadsworth, Webb, Wilson.—46.

So the question was determined in the negative.

Mr. Trego then offered an amendment that the Legislature of this State shall have the right to repeal the provisions of the act, provided its operation shall prove injurious to the State.

This amendment was supported by Messrs. Trego, Kunkel and Hill of Montgomery, and opposed by Messrs. Knox, Bartholomew and Magehan.

Mr. Burrell moved a modification; providing that no injustice shall be done to the corporation.

The discussion was further continued by Messrs. Burrell, Kunkel, Edie, Knox, Brackenridge, Haley, Bigham and Hill of Montgomery.

On motion of Mr. Knox the House adjourned.

February 12, 1846.

NEW YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.

The House resumed the consideration of the New York and Erie railroad bill.

The question pending being the amendment to the amendment, offered by Mr. Burrell.

Mr. Hill of Montgomery, addressed the House, mainly in opposition to the warmth of local feeling exhibited in the discussion of the bill.

Mr. Webb, addressed the House in support of the bill generally, and in deprecation of the course pursued by Philadelphia, and the question being on the amendment to the amendment the yeas and nays were as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Bartholomew, Bassler, Bigham, Boughner, Brough, Brackenridge, Burns, Burrell, Clark, Chesnut, Cochran, Edie, Eldred, Fassett, Galloway, Gray, Gwin, Hilands, Haymaker, Hill of Fayette, Ives, Jacobs, Johnsou, Knox, Ladley, Magehan, Means, Merrifield, Morrison, M'Clelland, M'Curdy, Nicholson, Piollet, Power, Pumroy of Franklin, Pumeroy of Mercer, Price, Robison, Samuels, Shuman, Snyder, Starr, Stewart of Franklin, Steuart of Lycoming, Thomas of Chester, Thomas of Susquehanah, Van Hoff, Wadsworth, Webb, Worrell, Patterson, Speaker—50.

NAYS—Messrs. Armstrong, Bachman Beatz, Boyer, Bright, Burnside, Connor, Daley, Dotts, Eneu, Fernon, Forsyth, Haley, Hallowell, Hill of Montgomery, Hineline, Hoffman, James Keller, Kline, Kunkel, Larkin, Levan, Matthias, M'Abee, M'Crum, M'Curley, Owen, Rupert, Steel Stetler, Taggart Tice, Trego, Weest Wilson, Worman—37.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

The amendment as amended was agreed to.

Mr. Keller offered an amendment requiring the company to pay $500,000 into the Treasury of Pensylvania, before the provisions of the bill shall take effect.

On this motion, Mr. Edie called the yeas and nays which were as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Armstrong, Buchanan, Bartholomew, Brough, Boyer, Conner, Dalay, Dotts, Eneu, Bernon, Haley, Hineline, James, Keller, Kunkel, Larkin Levan, Megehan, Matthias M'Curley, M'Farland, Stetler, Taggart, Tice, Trego, Worman—26.

NAYS—Messrs. Barber, Bassler, Bigham, Boughner, Bentz, Brackenridge, Bright, Burns, Burrell, Campbell, Chesnut, Clark, Cochran, Cross, Donaldson, Edie, Eldred, Fassett, Forsyth, Galloway, Gray, Gwin, Haymaker,, Hilands, Hill of Fayette Ives, Jacobs, Johnson, Kline, Knox, Ladley, Means, Merrifield, Morrison, M'Abee, M'Clelland, M'Crum M'Curdy, Nicholson, Piollet, Pumroy of Franklin, Pomeroy of Mercer, Price, Robison, Rupert, Samuels, Shuman, Starr Steuart bf Lycoming, Thomas of Chester, Thomas of Susquehanna, Van Hoff, Wadsworth, Weest, Webb, Wilson, Worrell, Patterson, Speaker—59.

Taggart moved an amendment, proposing to tax the Company fifty cents per ton on coal carried eastward, one-half a cent per ton on all other tonnage, and twenty five cents on each passenger.

Mr. Nicholson opposed the amendment, and all the other amendments offered with the design to defeat the bill, with much earnest.

Mr. Haley replied sustaining the amendment, and repelled the charges brought against Philadelphia, during the discussion.

Mr. Edie moved to amend the amendment by striking out the tax of fifty cents per ton on coal carried eastward.

Mr. Piollet opposed both the amendment and the amendment to the amendment, and had the floor at the hour of adjournment.

FRIDAY, February 13, 1846.

SENATE.—BILLS READ IN PLACE.

Mr. Quay, read in place, a bill relative to unseated lands.

Mr. Heckman, one to extend the boundaries of Northampton county.

Mr. Dimmick, one relative to Pathmasters in certain townships in the county of Susquehanna. Also, a bill relative to Bigman's choice turnpike road company.

On motion of Mr. Darsie, the Senate resumed the consideration of the bill granting the right of way to the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company.

The question being on the amendment of Mr. Heckman, requiring the Governor to appoint an agent or agents to travel over the road free of charge, between Cumberland and Pittsburg.

Mr. Darsie moved to amend, so as to leave it optional with the Governor to appoint such agent, and restricting the power of appointment to one agent on the road, which he further modified so as to extend the power to the appointment of agents not exceeding one for each train of cars.

On the question will the Senate agree to the amendment, the yeas and nays were required by Mr. Chapman, and were as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Bigler, Carson Darrah, Darsie, Dunlap, Gibbons. Gillis, Hill, Morrison, Quay, Ross, Sanderson, Sterigere, Sullivan, Williamson, Sherwood, Speaker—17.

NAYS—Messrs. Benner, Chapman, Cornman, Crabb, Creacraft, Ebaugh, Fegely, Heckman, Jordan, Smith, Wagenseller.—11.

Mr. Crabb moved to amend, so as to allow the agent or agents of the State to travel the whole length of the road between Pittsburg and Baltimore. On this amendment the yeas and nays were called and were as follows.

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Bonner, Bigler, Cornman, Crabb, Creacraft, Ebaugh, Fegely, Heckman, Hoover, Jordan, Rahn, Smith.—13

NAYS.—Messrs. Carson, Chapman, Darragh, Darsie, Dimmick, Dunlap, Gibbons, Gillis, Hill, Morrison, Quay, Ross, Sanderson, Sterigere, Sullivan, Wagenseller, Williamson, Sherwood, Speaker.—18.

So the question was determined in the negative.

The question recurring on the amendment, Mr. Gibbons offered a proviso, that if on the first day of December, 1846, one half of the capital stock of the Pennsylvania central railroad company, shall be subscribed in accordance with any law passed at the present session of the Legislature, the bill not take effect but be null and void.

The question being on this amendment, Mr. Bigler offered a substitute extending the time to the first of June, 1847, and requiring the central railroad company, to have 15 miles of the road commencing at Pittsburg, under contract for construction, and five millions of the stock to be subscribed.

The question being on the substitute of Mr. Bigler.

Mr. Heckman moved to postpone for the present, and that the amendments be printed, which was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Sterigere, the bill supplementary to the actin corporoting the Sumneytown and Perkiomen turnpike road company was taken up for consideration, read twice and passed.

On motion of Mr. Ebaugh, the Senate resolved itself into committee of the Whole, on the bill to incorporate a company to construct a railroad from Harrisburg to New York, which being amended was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Fegely, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the bill relative to the public roads in Albany township, Berks county, but pending an amendment to the bill, the Senate adjourned.

Departure for Oregon.

The ship Brooklyn left the wharf yesterday, opposite Franklin Market, with a company of emigrants for Oregon. There are 175 passengers, composed of men, women and children, principally farmers and mechanics from the New England States, who go out determined to make a settlement, and occupy a portion, at least of Oregon. They carry with them their tools and farming utensils. The whole expense of the voyage will be to each passenger about $125. At 2 o'clock, yesterday afternoon, they left the wharf, and as the last hawser was loosed, the crowd, assembled to see them start, sent out to them three hearty cheers, which were returned as heartily by the emigrants, who were standing upon the deck. The snn shone down brightly upon them, and gave omen of a pleasant voyage. May they have it. These hardy, bold pioneers, who, quitting their home, and leaving the plesant associations which cling around the scenes of their childhood, hew down forests and build up cities and make the wilderness bud & blossom ,deserve our sympathies and most heartfelt wishes of success. The ship is sent out by Messrs. A. G. & A. W. Benson, a firm of enterprising shippers, of No. 37, South street.—New York Herald.

Gubernatorial.

An article which originally appeared in the Philadelphia U. S Gazette, as a commenication, has been republished by the Pittsburg Commercial Journal, and in the American. It is the work of some over zealous and officious friend of Gen. Irvine, recommending him as the Whig Candidate for Governor in 1847, and we doubt not the republication at Pittsburg is at the solicitation of the author of the article. Its republication does not, of course, indicate the preference of either the American or Journal, the editors of both of which are the personal friends of General Markle, and the former was one of the first who moved in his favor in the winter of 1843-4. We do not believe that the Whigs will set aside Gen. Markle for any new candidate. He made too powerful a run in 1844 to be abandoned in 1847, and all experience has shown that it was only on the second effort in favor of our cadidates for Governor that we have been able to succeed. Such was the case with regard to both Hiester ane Ritner.

We look upon the article in question as a renewal of the attempt made in 1842-3 to forestall public opinion in favor of Gen. Irvine. There was a general demonstration made upon the country at that time both from Philadelphia and Washington city in favor of him. His strength in convention was not the rusult of his popularity with the mass of the party. He was quite unknown in some parts.

The vigorous efforts made by his friends to supercede John Banks probably insured the nomination of Gen. Markle, and the utmost success of their efforts, now renewed against Gen. Markle can only befeat him—it could not secure the election of Cen. Irvin. He should abide his time. The precocious efforts of his friends may postpone forever that which may, with proper treatment, occur four years hence.

There is no excuse for moving on this subject now. General Markle's friends have have done so. We have heard of no movement on this subject prior to that of Gen. Irvin's friends in Huntingdon county, a good while since. We believe him to be a good, kind and benevolent man, and as far as he is known, we believe he is popular. This speaks volumes in his favor. We admire too, the manliness with which he supported Gen. Markle. Although he is a good man. But his substitution, and indeed the very attempt to substitute him for Gen Markle, is at this time, and will be, both to himself and to the Whig party, perfectly suicidal.—Uniontown Democrat.

LATER FROM MEXICO.

Arista—Paredes and Santa Anna.

The New Orleans Picayune of the 5th, gives letters from Pensacola and Havanna, which contain interesting statements. Arista, it is said, had a regular force under his commend of four thousand men, which would be considerably increased by volunteers. The U. S. brig Porpoise sailed from Pensacola for Vera Cruz, on the morning of the 1st, with despatches for Mr. Slidell. That gentleman, by all accounts, was still waiting quietly at Jalapa. He had not demanded his passports, and had not been insulted. All the vessels of war at Pensacola were preparing for sea. Arista is represented in one letter as particularly hostile to the United States, and determined to attempt the subjugation of Texas. Doubtful! According to the regular files of the Picayune, it would seem that it was known in the city of Mexico, as early as the 8th of January, that Gen. Arista had declared against Paredes. He was in consequence removed from the command of the army of the North, and ordered to devolve it upon Gen. D. Romulo Diaz de la Vega, until the arrival of a successor. The papers speak as if Gen. Ampudia were likely to be this successor—the inhuman wretch who maltreated the remains of Gen. Sentmanat, and whose broken faith to the unfortunate Mier prisoners is on record.

A letter from Havanna, under date of the 20th, gives these interesting particulars:

"I learn from an unimpeachable source that Santa Anna is making preparations to return to Mexico. He anticipates leaving here on the 9th or 10th of next month in the British steamer for Vera Cruz. This will however depend much upon his advices to arrive per steamer on the 6th. but that he returns there, and that very shortly too, you may rely upon. There are other *on dits* about him that I give for what they are worth. It is said that he is much exasperated at the design of a few traitors to sell the country to foreign powers, after the wasting of so much blood and treasure to achieve independence. His return to Mexico will be marked by an entire change in his policy. The United States, if her minister is of the right stamp will become his *fidus Achates*—for money he will adjust the Texan boundary and cede California, defending himself to his countrymen upon plea that this was the only method left to preserve the integrity of the Republic, to resist the incidious attacks of Foreign Cabinets upon her liberties, to preserve them from a return to the Spanish yoke which they so nobly threw off, and to retain their position among nations of the earth as an independent power.

Paredes must either side with the foreign powers or with Santa Anna. If he choose the latter, nothing can prevent the tyrant from taking the reins—if the former, nothing can resist the *grito* that Sante Anna will raise for liberty. No one that is well informed on the subject believes that the people of Mexico will be content that their country share the fate of Greece.

Every day we believe to be big with events in this distracted country, pregnant with interest to the United States."

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES,

IN the Treasury of the County of Somerset, Pa., from the 10th day of January, A. D. 1845 to the 9th day of January A. D. 1846, both days inclusive.

Andrew Stewart, Esq., Treasurer of said County, in account with the Commissioners of said County.

DEBTOR.

To AMOUNT RECEIVED OF COLLECTORS, AS FOLLOWS, VIZ:

For the year 1841,

From Daniel Eash, collector of Conemaugh township	$29 77

For the year 1842,

From Peter Bradford collector of Milford tp	170 11
From John A Snyder collector of Somerset borough	21 50½
From Jonathan Boyer collector of Southampton tp	88 55
From Jacob Craver collector of Addison township	53 27
From John Black collector of Allegheny township	5 14
From Jacob Flickinger collector of Berlin borough	29 30
From Abner Griffith collector of Jenner tp	190 55½

For the year 1843,

From John G Friend collector of Addison tp	163 19
From George Kring collector of Jenner tp	78 25
From Thomas Mason collector of Milford township	127 31
From John Wagner collector of Shade tp	27 82
From Joseph Gindlesperger collector of Stonycreek township	185 87
From William P. Schell collector of Somerset bor	12 94
From Henry J Heiple collector of Somerset tp	91 17

For the year 1844,

From David Landis collector of Berlin bor	82 22
From Samuel H Brook collector of Addison tp	126 38
From George Mowry collector of Allegheny tp	54 00
From Peter Zimmerman collector of Brothersvalley township	178 38
From Michael Stufft collector of Conemaugh township	111 42
From Joel Miller collector of Elklick township	137 25
From Solomon Hutzell collector of Greenville township	63 58
From John Walter collector of Jenner township	184 26
From John Chorpenning collector of Milford tp	263 29
From Jonas Weaver collector of Paint township	27 78
From Samuel Swank collector of Quemahoning tp	87 13
From Adam Yoder collector of Summit township	69 39
From George Foy collector of Stoystown borough	33 00
From Daniel Gaumer collector of Southampton township	127 06
From Christopher Stouffer collector of Stonycreek tp	196 35
From Jacob Berkepile collector of Shade township	41 00
From Thomas Hanna collector of Turkeyfoot township	162 87
From John H Benford collector of Somerset bor	46 64
From Joseph Chorpenning collector of Somerset tp	441 05

For the year 1845,

From David Weisel collector of Allegheny tp	86 29
From John G Walker collector of Brothersvalley township	487 50
From John L Hook collector of Berlin borough	58 98
From Joseph Yoder collector of Conemaugh township	213 75
From Samuel Lichty collector of Elklick tp	383 00
From Benjamin Lowry collector of Greenville township	106 61
From Abraham Simpson collector of Jenner tp	327 00
From John G Hay collector of Milford township	320 37
From Moses Miller collector of Paint township	33 31
From Simon Shaffer collector of Quemahoning township	143 62
From Daniel Sorber jr. collector of Shade township	69 67
From Joseph Long collector of Stonycreek township	240 50
From Valentine Lepley collecter of Southampton tp	38 35
From Samuel Barkley collector of Summit township	372 47
From Rogers Marshall collector of Stoystown bor	57 75
From John Neff collector of Somerset borough	165 87
From Samuel Coleman collector of Somerset township	540 87
From Aaron Schrack collector of Turkeyfoot township	62 80
For Depreciated money sold	13 85
For fines and jury fees from Shertff Philippi	356 00
	$7727 63

CREDITS.

By payments and disbursements by order of the County Commissioners, as follows, viz:

Pay and mileage of Grand Jurors	$461 94½	
Pay and mileage of Traverse Jurors	1452 31	
		1914 25½
Amount paid for State Prosecutions		362 50
Road Views	$143 00	
Bridge Views	24 00	
		167 00
Bridge building		490 50
Fox scalps	$182 78½	
Wild cat scalps	12 12½	
Wolf do	36 25	
		231 16
Commissioners services		867 88½
Wood and coal for Court House, Jail and Offices		68 44
Coroners Inquests		61 71

Amount paid Assessors of the several Districts, viz:

Addison township	$53 25	
Allegheny do	2 00	
Brothersvalley tp	16 12½	
Berlin borough	11 50	
Conemaugh township	17 12½	
Elklick do	13 62½	
Greenville do	21 50	
Jenner do	26 62½	
Milford do	20 00	
Paint do	16 62½	
Quemahoning do	19 62	
Shade do	20 62½	
Stonycreek do	24 37½	
Summit do	12 12½	
Southampton do	26 12½	
Somerset do	30 12½	
do borough	12 00	
Stoystown bor	8 12½	
Turkeyfoot tp	23 12½	
		374 62

Election Expenses in the several Districts, viz:

Addison township	$30 35	
Allegheny do	47 77	
Brothersvalley tp	71 05	
Berlin borough	18 05	
Conemaugh tp.	33 38	
Elklick township	48 65	
Greenville tp.	36 20	
Jenner township	31 04	
Milford do	40 17	
Paint do	43 17	
Quemahoning tp.	51 00	
Shade do	34 20	
Stonycreek do	31 70	
Summit do	20 85	
Southampton do	62 48	
Somerset do	28 92½	
do borough	25 20	
Stoystown do	76 26	
Turkeyfoot township	31 80	
General Election expenses	15 20	
		777 34
To amount paid Constables and Tipstaves attending Court	$79 00	
Constables making quarterly returns to Court	111 52	
Court Cryer	70 25	
		260 77
Sheriff for summoning jurors	$182 00	
Attorney General	16 00	
		198 00
For Public repairs		136 61
Clerks pay to commissioners		248 21
Stationary	$13 26	
For Schooling poor Children	13 71	
Recording	25 00	
Diagrams	90 00	
		141 97
Public printing	$243 50	
Ironing Prisoners	13 99½	
Money refunded	114 85	
Boarding Clothing and washing for prisoners confined in co. Jail	$69 62	
		741 46½
Merchandise	42 21	
For Auditors and Clerks pay	37 00	
Prothonotary's fees	4 01	
		83 22
For Laying out State Road	160 69	
Penitentiary fees	73 85	
		234 54
For Clerks of quarter Sessions		210 06
On supervisors orders		93 91
Due on last settlement		59 79½
Treasurer's commission on $7727 (at 2¾ per cent		212 50
Balance remaining in the Treasury		291 17
		$7727 63

We the undersigned Auditors of Somerset county, do certify, that we have examined the foregoing accounts between the Treasurer and Commissioners of said county and find the above statement of them to be correct and true, and that there appears to be a balance of $291 17 remaining in the Treasury. In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands at Somerset the 10th day January A. D. 1846.

JOHN MONG.
C. M. HICKS.
I. KAUFMAN.
Attest Auditors.
R. R. Marshall.

Amount of outstanding debts due the county by collectors and others subject to exonerations and commissions.

For the year 1842,

From John A. Snyder collector of Somerset borough	$30 50½
From John Hite collector of Stoystown bor.	66 79
From Jacob Flickinger collector of Berlin borough	38 08

For the year 1843.

From Daniel Maritz collector of Allegheny tp,	92 48
From George Kring collector of Jenner tp,	19 00½
From Joseph Johnson collector of Stoyslown bor.	11 28½
From William P. Schell collector of Somerset bor,	20 64½
From Henry J Heiple collector of Somerset township	140 15½

For the year 1844,

From Samuel D Brook collector of Addison towzship	238 20
From George Mowry collector of Allegheny township	18 88
From Michael Stufft collector of Conemaugh tp,	89 23
From John Chorpenning collector of Milford township	354 56
From Samuel Swank collector of Quemhoning tp.	47 76
From George Foy collect of Stoytown bor,	54 57
From Daniel Gaumer collector of Southamton tp,	20 21
From Jacob Berkepile collector of Shade tp,	79 25
From Thomas Hanna collector Turkeyfoot township.	212 72
From John H Benford collector of Someret bor,	85 34
From Joseph Chorpennig collector of Somerset tp,	346 96

For tho year 1845,

From Wiiliam Hardin collector of Addison township	00 00
From Daniel Weisel collector of Allegheny township	108 12
From John G Walker collector of Brothersvalley township	132 19
From John L Hook collector of Berlin bor	49 98
From Joseph Yoder collector of Conemaugh tp	153 87½
From Benjamin Lowry collector of Greenvile township	69 98
From Abraham Simpton collector of Jenner township	243 60
From John Hay collector of Milford tp	450 85
From Simon Shaffer collector of Qumahoning township	163 16½
From Daniel Sorber jr collector of Shade tp	159 04
From Joseph Long collector of Stonycreek tp	274 71
From Valuntine Lepley col lector of Southampton tp,	235 28
From Rogers Mashall collector of Stoystown bor,	87 50
From John Neff collecor of Somerset bor,	55 44
From Samuel Coleman collector of Somerset township	474 26
From Aaron Schrack collector of Turkyfoot township	881 96
From Joshua F Cox for fine Commonwealth vs Hoechster.	25 00
John L Snyder late Treasurer	20 00
William Morrison fine, for refusing to serve as collector	20 00
Jonathon Rhoads fine, for refusing to serve a collector.	20 00

We the undersigned auditors of Somerset county, do certify, that we have examined the foregoing balances and find them as above stated. In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands this 17th day of January A. D. 1846.

JOHN MONG.
C. M. HICKS.
I. KAUFMAN.
Attest Auditors.
R. R. Marshall.

Somerset County S. S.

IN compliance with act of Assembly in such case made and provided. WE the undersigned Commissioners of Somerset county. do publish the foregoing statement of the receipts and expenditures of said county, for the year 1845, which we hereby certify to be correct. Witness our hands and seals this 10th day of January A. D. 1846.

F. WEIMER (L. S.)
J. R. KING, (L. S.)
P. BERKEY, (L. S.)
Attest, Comr's.
R. L. Stewart, Clerk to Commissioners.

SOMERSET HERALD.

Somerset, Pa.,

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1846.

V. B. PALMER Esq. of Philadelphia at his *Real Estate and Coal Office*, is our authorized *Agent* for obtaining *Advertisements and Subscription* for the "HERALD" and is clothed with full power to receipt for any monies paid to him on these objects. His agency includes the following cities, viz:—Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Boston, and his offices in these several places are located as follows:—

Philadelphia—No, 59 Pine Street.
New York—No. 16 Nassau "
Baltimore—S, E. Corner of Balt-& Cal st
Boston—No 16 State st.

CHARLES GIBBONS, ESQ.

Most of our readers, we presume, have not forgotten the valuable services which this gentleman rendered to the Whig party pending the Gubernatorial and Presidential elections of 1844, and will therefore be surprised to learn that several Whig journals in the city of Philadelphia have arrayed themselves in opposition to him for his liberal and honorable course in the Senate, on the subject of granting the "right of way" to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company.—Philadelphians, often short-sighted and always selfish—are at this time exerting their utmost influence to defeat that measure, and one of their Senators, Mr. Crabb, is using all his powers of persuasion to give it the go-by in the Senate; while Mr. Gibbons is pursuing a contrary course, from an honest conviction, no doubt, that in so doing he will be promoting the best interests of the Commonwealth and of her citizens at large. In that course Mr. Gibbons will be sustained, not only by the Whigs in the interior of the State, but by the liberal of all parties everywhere. That he should be denounced by the city papers opposed to him in politics, was to have been expected; but that Whig journals should try to prostrate him, is indeed surprising. Such ungenerous conduct ought not and will not be suffered to pass unrebuked. Hitherto Philadelphia has been much favored in our State legislation, and in return for those favors, whenever other sections ask to be similarly treated, her citizens combine to defeat everything that does not exactly meet their own selfish views, and would even sacrifice one of their best men to accomplish their purpose. It is time that Philadelphians should be made to know and feel that they constitute but a small portion of the population of the State, and that they cannot, therefore, entirely control her legislation.

Philadelphia vs Pennsylvania.

Such is the indignation that has been aroused in the interior of the State against the selfish, contracted, illiberal course which the citizens of Philadelphia are pursuing in regard to the proposed extension of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to Pittsburgh, that it will be difficult for them hereafter to carry any measure of their own in the Legislature.—Many of our public works—and on account of which the people are now burdened with taxes—were constructed for the special benefit of Philadelphia—and now that other sections of the State put in claims—not for appropriations of money, but for privileges only, which will cost neither the State nor her citizens a copper—she turns round, and Ass-like deals out kicks and blows upon those at whose expense she has been feeding for years.—In Pittsburg there appears to be a determination to bring the Philadelphians to their senses, if anything will. The American of the 18th says, "papers are now in circulation throughout the city, receiving an almost unanimous signature, pledging the parties to buy no goods of, or deal with no merchant in the city who will continue from this out to purchase any of his supplies in Philadelphia."

Godey's Lady's Book.

The February number of this deservedly popular periodical is received.—The contents, as usual, are full of interest.—The "Battle Ground of Trenton" is one of the most beautiful engravings we have seen; and "The fair Client" and the representation of "Tom Thumb" and his Equipage, are also rich in merit. The reading matter is such as is always to be found in this Magazine—the productions of those who rank highest among the literary talent of the country.

☞The January number did not reach us; will the editor be good enough to forward a copy.

The "Right of Way."

Not having received any eastern papers for the last six days, we are without intelligence from Harrisburg, and cannot say, therefore, what progress has been made in the Senate in regard to the Bill granting the "right of way" to the Baltimore and Ohio Company. A letter received on Wednesday stated that the vote would be a close one, but expressed the opinon that the Bill would pass the Senate. In the House is considered more doubtful.

The Oregon Resolutions.

The National Intelligencer of the 17th says:—The debate in the SENATE upon the Oregon Question was yesterday continued by Mr. Hannegan, in favor of the notice. After he concluded, Mr. Colquitt obtained the floor, and is entitled next to address the Senate. It seems to be doubted whether the debate will become general; and it appears to be generally understood that there is no probability of any hasty decision by the Senate upon the question.

Officers for the Army.

There are said to be fifteen hundred applicants for the several offices in the two mounted regiments that Congress has authorized to be raised—and one of the members of the Military Committee gives it has his opinion, that good and competent officers could be readily found, sufficient for an army of five hundred thousand men.

More Snow!

Since our last publication we had several falls of snow, and it is now 26 inches deep. On the Savage and Allegheny Mountains, south and east of this, and on the Laurel Hill, some ten miles west, it is said to have attained a depth of over three feet.

FOX HUNTS.—Fox hunts have become the order of the day with our neighbors "over the hills" in Westmoreland. We have not learned, however, that many of the "varmints" have been captured as yet, though some half dozen hunts "came off" within the last five or six weeks.

Candidates in Ohio.

The Whigs of Ohio have nominated WILLIAM BEBB, of Butler county, as their candidate for Goveruor at the ensuing election. DAVID TODD is his opponent.

Annexation.

An act has passed both branches of the Virginia Legislature unanimously, "accepting by the State of Virginia the county of Alexandria, in the district of Columbia, whenever the same shall be receded by the Congress of the United States."

The Markets.

CINCINNATI, FEB. 12.—Bacon, hog round, 4c. hams 6 to 6¼.

PHILADELPHIA, FEB. 14.—Flour 4 87; wheat $1 05.

BALTIMORE, FEB. 16.—Flour 4 75; wheat $1 00.

PITTSBURGH, FEB. 18.—Flour 3 80; wheat 70c. Bacon—shoulders 5c, sides 6c, and hams 7c.

CUMBERLAND, FEB. 19.—Flour $4 25 to $5 00; wheat 85 to 90c.

The Philadelphians, on account of the pertinacity of the west, in claiming a share of the advantages of legislation are now agitating the propriety of having a seperate State or sovereignty formed out of the territory lying between the rivers Delaware and Schuylkill. Their only objection is, to taking so much of Berks county in, although including Oley.—Could they succeed in this, they would effectually shut themselves off from the "outside barbarians" west of their vision—that is; as far as the eye can carry from Fairmount—*Pittsburg American.*

☞We object to Oley being included in the new "Sovereignty." The people of that "green spot" are too liberal in their views to be hitched to anything that is more selfish and contracted than Old Berks itself. Let Oley be established as an independent district, or what in Germany they call a "*Freistadt*," and it will take care of itself; while the balance of the county will be well yoked in being placed alongside of Philadelphia.

FROM WASHINGTON.

A New Tariff Bill.

In the House of Representatives on the 16th inst., Mr, Garret Davis moved the following resolution:—

Resolved, That the project of a bill to establish the rates of duties on goods, wares, and merchandise which may be imported into the United States, lately submitted by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Committee of Ways and Means, be printed for the use of the House; and that said committee be and they are hereby instructed to furnish the Clerk of the House with a copy of the same, to be printed.

Mr. Davis at the same time moved the previous question, so as to cut off debate, and to take the resolution without the rule, under which it was subject to be laid over for debate.

Mr. Haralson inquired if the committee had submitted to the House any report on the subject of the tariff.

Mr. McKay, chairman of the committee, answered in the negative.

Mr Rathbun moved that the resolution be laid on the table.

The yeas and nays on this motion were called for from various quarters of the House, and were ordered.

And the question being taken that the resolution do lie on the table, it passed in the affirmative, 103 to 69.

The Whigs of Mercer county have instructed their Delegates to the 11th March Convention to support James M. Power for Canal Commissioner.

Oregon Question.

The following is the vote in Congress on the passage of the Resolutions requiring the President to give notice to Great Britain, that the treaty of 1827 in regard to the joint occupancy of the Oregon Territory is to be abrogated and annulled at the expiration of one year from the date of such notice.

YEAS—Messrs. John Quincy Adams, Stephen Adams, Anderson, Arnold, Atkinson, Baker, Barringer, Bell, Benton, Bings, James Black, Jas. A. Black, Blanchard, Bowlin, Boyd, Brinkerhoff, Brockenbrough, Brodhead, Wm. G. Brown Buffington, Wm. W. Campbell, John H. Campbell, Cathcart, Reuben Chapman, Chase, Chipman, Clarke, Cobb, Collin, Constable, Cullom, Culver, Cummins, Cunningham, Daniel, Darragh, Jefferson, Davis, Delano, De Mott, Dillingham, Dobbin, Douglass, Dromgoole, Dunlap, Edsall, Ellsworth, Erdman, John H. Ewing, Faran, Ficklin, Foster, Fries, Garvin, Giddings, Giles, Goodyear, Gordon, Graham, Grider, Grover, Hamlin, Hampton, Haralson, Harmanson, Harper, Henley, Hilliard, Hoge, Elias B. Holmes, Hopkins, Hough, Geo. S. Houston, Hungerford, Washington Hunt, J. B. Hunt, Charles J. Ingersoll, Jenkins, Jas. H. Johnson, and Joseph Johnson, Andrew Johnson, George W. Jones, Seaborn Jones, Kennedy, Preston King, Lawrence, Leib, Sere, Lewis, Levin, Ligon, Lumpkin, Maclay, McClean, McClelland McClernand, McConnell, McCrate, McDowell, McGaughey, McHenry, McIllvaine, McKay, John P. Martin, Barclay Martin, Morris, Morse, Moulton, Nevin, Norris, Owen, Parish, Payne, Perrill, Perry, Petit, Phelps, Pollock, Price, Ramsey, Rathbun, Reid, Relfe, Ritter, Roberts, Root, Runk, Russell, Sawtelle, Sawyer, Seammon, Schreck, Seaman, Severance, Leonard H. Simms, Albert Smith, Thomas Smith, Robert Smith, Stanton, Starkweather, Stewart, St. John Strong, Sykes, Thomasson, Jas. Thompson, Jacob Thompson, Thurman, Tibbatts, Tilden, Towns, Trumbo, Vance, Wentworth, Wheaton, White Wick, Williams, Wilmot, Woodruff, Woodworth, Yell, Young, Yost—163.

NAYS—Messrs. Abbot, Ashmun, Bayly, Bedinger, Milton Brown, Burt, John G. Chapman, Augustus A. Chapman, Cocke, Collamer, Cranston, Crozier, Dargan, Garrett Davis, Dixon, Dockery, Edwin H. Ewing, Foot, Gentry, Grinnell, Herrick, Isaac E. Holmes, John W. Houston, Edmund W. Hubard, Samuel D. Hubbard, Hudson, Hunter, Joseph R. Ingersoll. Daniel P. King, Leake, Long, Marsh, Miller, Moseley, Pendleton, Rhett, Julius Rockwell, John A. Rockwell, Seddon, A. D. Sims, Simpson, Truman, Smith, Caleb B. Smith, Stephens, Strohm, Thibodeaux, Benjamin Thompson, Toombs, Tredway, Vinton, Winthrop, Woodward, Wright, Yancey—54.

We find in the Pennsylvania Telegraph the following arrangement of the vote:—

	for Notice.			Against Notice.		
	Dem.	Whig.	Nat.	Dem.	Whig.	Nat.
Maine	6	0	0	0	0	0
N. Hampshire	3	0	0	0	0	0
Vermont	1	1	0	0	3	0
Massachusetts	0	1	0	0	8	0
Rhode Island	0	1	0	0	1	0
Connecticut	0	0	0	0	4	0
New York	20	6	3	0	2	1
New Jersey	2	2	0	0	1	0
Pennsylvania	12	8	2	0	2	0
Delaware	0	0	0	0	1	0
Indiana	7	1	0	0	1	0
Illinois	6	1	0	0	0	0
Michigan	3	0	0	0	0	0
Virginia	5	0	0	8	1	0
Alabama	4	1	0	2	0	0
Mississippi	4	0	0	0	0	0
Louisiana	3	0	0	0	1	0
Tennessee	6	0	0	0	5	0
Kentucky	3	6	0	0	1	0
South Carolina	1	0	0	6	0	0
Georgia	4	0	0	0	2	0
Maryland	4	0	0	0	2	0
Ohio	13	7	0	0	1	0
N. Carolina	6	2	0	0	1	0
Missouri	5	0	0	0	0	0
Arkansas	1	0	0	0	0	0
Florida	1	0	0	0	0	0
	120	38	5	16	37	1

Westmoreland County.

A large number of the citizens of Westmoreland County, friendly to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, assembled in public meeting, at the Court House, in Greensburgh, on Tuesday evening, the 17th inst., and after organizing and appointing a committee to prepare resolutions, adjourned till 1 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, at which time the committee reported a series of spirited resolutions which were adopted by the meeting, and from which we select the following—

RESOLVED, That we are una ble to perceive any just cause why our Legislature, at its present session, should not pass Bills or Acts incorporating a company to construct a Rail Road which would complete, by means of its connection, the route between Philadetphia and Pittsburg; as also to grant the right of way to the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company to pass through this State to the City of Pittsburgh, under such restrictions as they in their wisdom, should deem meet imposed upon such company, so as not to prohibit them from accepting of their provisions.

RESOLVED, That we fear as well as regret that the excitement and bad feeling now between the people of the Western part of the State and the city of Philadelphia, on the subject of granting the right of way to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, will eventually result in a seperation of the ties which have heretofore bound us to her, and induce our Western merchants to seek new commercial relations in the East.

On motion, of Wash Murry,

RESOLVED, That Western Pennsylvania is highly indebted to Chas. Gibbons, Esq., of Philadelphia city, for his vigorous and able support of the policy of granting the "right of way" to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company.

Hon. Andrew Stewart.

We were informed the other day by a gentleman from Oley township, that several of his Locofoco neighbors who had Mr. Stewart's admirable speech on the Tariff, published by us a week or two ago, were so well pleased with it that they declared and insisted in good and solemn earnest that Mr. S. belonged to THEIR PARTY. We beg leave to set these gentlemen right. The Hon. ANDREW STEWART is a citizen of Fayette county, and represents the 18th Congressional District, composed of the counties of Fayette, Somerset and Green. He is a DEMOCRAT, OF THE RIGHT SORT—a firm, true, unflinching, thorough-going DEMOCRATIC WHIG. We regard him as the best man in Congress from this State, for whenever the interests of Pennsylvania are attacked, Mr. STEWART is on the floor, battling hand to hand—giving blow for blow—and contesting, inch by inch, every foot of ground upon which the tariff of 1842—now emphatically the WHIG TATIFF—rests for support. We are not surprised that his plain, common sense speeches and arguments have won all hearts, and gained him hosts of friends from his political opponents. The time may come when the people of Pennsylvania will have it in their power to show their sense of his worth by elevating him to the highest office in their gift, and we trust that when that time arrives they will not fail to do their duty to him, as he is now doing his duty so manfully to them.—Reading Journal.

New Counterfeit.

To-day we saw a counterfeit note which does not appear to be described in any Detector. The note purported to be a five of the Erie Bank. Letter A. Vignette a view of ships near shore. Numbered 1179, and dated Sept. 4, 1845.—The head of Washington on the right and Polk on the left and, both badly executed.

The general appearance resembles the rilief issue.—Pitts. Amer.

MARRIED.

On Sunday last by the Rev. P. Rizer, Mr. ALEXANDER HOFFMAN, to Miss NANCY daughter of Jacob Kline all of Jenner township.

On Sunday 15th inst., by the Rev. Peter Cover, Mr. TOBIAS MEYER, of Brothersvalley tp. to Miss ELIZA BEARKLEY, of Summit tp.

On the 2d inst by Wm. Reel. Esq. Mr JOHN WILT, of Shade to Miss CAROLINE GOOL, of Stonycreek tp.

On the 12th inst. by the same, Mr. JOSIAH LAMBERT, to Miss MARGARET WELF, all of Stonycreek tp.

Somerset Lyceum,

WILL meet in the Lyceum room on Friday Evening next.

Question for discussion.

Has the parent a right to restrain the child in the adoption of a particular religious creed.

Declaimer, A. J. Ogle.
Essayist, I. Hugus.

Leaders of debate Messrs. Runnells and Schell.

Those interested will please attend.

J. D. COLBORN. Sec.

ROBERT S. M'KAIG, SAMUEL MAGUIRE,

M'KAIG & MAGUIRE,

Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS,

Immediately on the Railroad,

Cumberland, Md.

ROBERT S. M'KAIG, late of New Lisbon Ohio, and SAMUEL MAGUIRE, late of the house of Duncan, Calhoun & Co., Cumberland, have associated themselves, under the firm of M'KAIG & MAGUIRE, in the FORWARDING AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, in Cumberland, where they are prepared to receive consignments and execute all orders connected with the Forwarding business with the utmost despatch, and they hope to the entire satisfaction of those who may employ them as their agents.

☞Particular attention will be given to the sale of Produce entrusted to their care.

REFERENCES.

Robert Steen and Co., Philadelphia.
Elder, Gelston & Co., Hopkins, Brothers & Co. } Baltimore,
Wm. McCulley & Co.
Hailman, Jennings & Co
Burbridge, Wilson & Co.
Church & Carothers,
Clarke & Thaw,
Lorenz, Sterling & Co.
Alexander Laughlin,
Watterman Palmer,
Shatlett & Glyde } Pittsburg.
Hon. T, M, T, M'Kennan } Washington Pa.
Gen. Isaac Hodgens,
Hon H, W, Beeson,
Hon. A. Stewart, } Fayette Co.
Hon. A, Buchanan,
Samuel Black,
General Jesse Lazear, } Greene Co.
Thos. J, & W W, M'Kaig, Cumberland.

Feb. 24, 1846-6t.

DR. C. N. HICKOK,

RESIDENT DENTIST,

Bedford, Pa.

REFERENCES.

HON, J, S, BLACK, DR, J, MCCRERY,
HON. A, THOMPSON, DR, N, W, [illegible]
Office at Ankeny's Hotel.
m6'45-tf

Constables' Stay Bonds For Sale at this Office

NO. 1.

Cheap-Side.

WAR WITH MEXICO!

THE subscriber thankful for past favors, takes this method of informing his customers and the public in general, that he has removed to the shop formerly occupied by him immediately west of the residence of John L. Snyder, and one door east of the office of C. F. Mitchell, Esq., in the Borough of Somerset where he will constantly keep on hand, COPPER and

TIN-WARE

of every description, manufactured from the best materials and in a neat and durable manner. COPPER KETTLES. **STOVE PIPE,** and other articles in his line of business will be made to order on short notice. Persons wishing to purchase good and cheap articles are respectfully invited to give him a call.

Approved country produce will be taken in exchange for ware.

JAMES H. BENFORD.

Feb. 17-3m.

N. B. Also on hand, a number of *Stoves*, of different sorts, which will be sold cheap.

TO THE PUBLIC.

ROBERT LAUGHTON would inform the citizens of Somerset, & the public generally, that he intends opening an English School in the Academy building of this Borough, for a term of 15 weeks, to commence on Monday March 9th 1846.

TERMS.

Instruction in Orthography, Reading, writing, and preparatory lessons to commencing arithmatic, $2,00.

Arithmetic, Book keeping, Grammer, Geography and History with the branches preceding $2,50.

If required, lessons in Geometry, Plane Trigonometry and land surveying will be given at a reasonable charge.—But knowing, that by assuming too much, little or nothing can be correctly and fully performed, therefore the principal design of the teacher, at this time, shall be, to impress the minds of those committed to his charge, with a correct knowledge of the elementary branches of an English education, To effect this important, but much neglected object, a course of instruction by lecture so far as practicable, will be pursued,

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Somerset Feb 17 1846,

FARMERS Look Here.

WE the undersigned having established ourselves as a firm in the Eagle Foundry of Berlin, have now on hands a new

PLOUGH,

which has lately been patented It is a self-sharpening and can be made to different kinds, such as the bar shear, or shear and cutter seperate, or the pieces can all be made of wrought Iron with very little labour, in short it is the best plough ever brought to this county.—Likewise the Crocket Plough, which is an excellent plough for rough land, also

STOVES

of various kinds among them is a cooking stove for burning wood or coal.

KETTLES of different sizes.

HOLLOW WARE

of all kinds. Also castings for machinery, &c., all of which are made of the best kind of material and on the shortest notice. Please call and examine for yourselves.

HOUSER, CONRAD & KRISSINGER.

February 17, 1846-3m

BRIDGE BUILDING.

THE undersigned commissioners of Somerset county, will sell on Friday the 13th day of March 1846, a contract to the lowest bidder, for building a bridge over Laurel Hill creek at or near Kooser's Mill in Milford township, in said county.

Sale to take place at the bridge at 1 o'clock P M. A Plan of the bridge will be exhibited on the day of sale.

F. WEIMER,
J. R. KING,
feb17 P. BERKEY, Com'rs.

Executor's Notice.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of John Christner, late of Elklick township, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to attend at the late residence of the deceased, on Saturday the 4th day April next, prepared to settle; and those having claims, to present them at the same time and place, properly authenticated.

ABRAHAM MOUST,
Feb17,46-6t. Executor.

Administrators' Notice.

THE undersigned, residing in Milford township, having obtained letters of administratian on the estate of Andrew Enos, late of said township, deceased, requests all persons indebted to said estate, to attend at the late residence of the deceased, on Saturday the 14th day of March next, prepared to settle their accounts, and those having claims against said estate, to present them at the same time and place properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY SECHLER,

Orphans' Court Sale
OF
REAL ESTATE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, there will be exposed to sale by way of public vendue or outcry on the premises on Saturday the 14th day of march next, the following real estate, late the property of John J. Younkin dec'd to wit:—

One plantation or tract

of land situate in Turkeyfoot township, Somerset county, adjoining lands of Michael Ansel, land warranted in the name of Chew & Wilcox, and land late estate of Henry Younkin, deceased, and others—containing two hundred and ninety nine acres and one hundred and three perches and allowance, on which are erected a two-story house, cabin barn and other buildings, about one hundred acres of clear land.

TERMS—one third of the purchase money to be secured on the premises, the interest thereof to be paid to the widow annually during her life time, and at her death the principal to be equally divided among the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, one third of the balance in hand and the remainder in four equal annual payments without interest, to be secured by judgment bonds.

Attendance will be given by *Jacob J. Younkin & Michael Sanner*, administrators of said deceased.

By the Court,
W. H. PICKING.
Feb17 '46-4t. Clerk.

LOOK HERE.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at public outcry on Friday, the 6th day of March next, his farm whereon he now resides, situate in Mountpleasant township, Westmoreland county, adjoining lands of Fausold's heirs, John Poreh, jr. and others, 6 miles northeast of Mountpleasant, 5 miles south of Pleasant Unity. It is 3 miles from Newill's, also 3 miles from Lobingier's mill; there are several school houses convenient; within one mile of a sawmill. The clay pike that leads from the Somerset and Mountpleasant turnpike to Pittsburgh passes through it; containing

380 ACRES,

about 100 acres clear. The buildings are a good square two story log dwelling house, an excellent potter shop, but would answer for a carpenter or any other mechanic shop, 2 potter kilns, stables and several smaller dwelling houses thereon. A never failing spring of pure water, very convenient to the house; an orchard of choice fruit; an abundance of good timber, consisting of Whiteoak, Blackoak, Chesnut, Poplar, Walnut and the best of Locust; this land will produce grain of every description, and is well adapted for **GRAZING.** It generally lies level, and any amount of it can be made into meadow, there are several coal banks on it and Limestone can be obtained to any amount within a half mile's distance, free of charge. I am determined to sell, and in order to make matters plain will here insert the terms, viz: Two hundred dollars in hand, and fifty dollars annually until paid. An indisputable title can be given, Any person wishing to see this land can be shown it at any time by the subscriber.

feb17* CHRISTIAN DARBY.

APPEALS.

PURSUANT to the acts of Assembly, the commissioners of Somerset county will hold an appeal at their office in Somerset,

For the townships of Milford, Turkeyfoat and Addison, on Monday the 23d day of March.

For the townships of Elklick, Summit, Brothersvalley and Berlin bor. on Tuesday the 24th of March.

For the townships of Greenville, Southampton and Allegheny, on Wednesday the 25th of March.

For the townships of Stonycreek, Shade, Quemahoning and Stoystown bor. on Thursday the 25th March.

For the townships of Paint, Conemaugh, Jenner and Somerset borough and tp. on Friday the 27th day of March.

At which time and place all persons feeling themselves aggrieved by the Assessments made for 1846, can attend if they think proper. The Assessors are required to be present upon the days fixed for their respective districts.

F. WEIMER,
J. R. KING,
P. BERKEY,
Attest, Comm'rs.
feb17 R. L. STEWART, clerk.

POSTPONED Orphans' Court Sale.

I WILL sell (by postponement) at the public house of Mrs. Catharine Statler, in Shade township, on Saturday the 28th of February, inst. the plantation, late the estate of John Statler, Sen'r dec'd, situate on both sides of the Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike road, part in Shade and part in Stonycreek township containing,

238 ACRES.

and allowance, with about fifty-five acres cleared, with one two story log house, one log barn and other buildings thereon erected, and an apple orchard thereon growing.

Terms made known on day of sale.

—ALSO—

at the same time and place:—One 8 day clock and case, a quantity of *hay, by the ton* or stack, a quantity of oats, rye and buckwheat, by the bushel; on which a reasonable credit will be given.

ISAAC ANKENY, Adm'r of the estate of John Statler Sr, dec'd.

Feb. 17,

A STATEMENT.

SHOWING the aggregate value and assessments made in each township and borough in the County of Somerset for the year 1846, upon property made taxable by law, for County and State purposes; as required by an Act of Assembly of this Commonwealth, passed the 27th day of July 1842.

Names of DISTRICTS.	Value of real estate, cattle, horser, &c., assessed for county rates and levies.	Gross amount of tax assessed for county rates and levies.	Amount of State tax levied upon property assessed for county purposes.	Assessed value of Mortgages money, at inteterest stocks, carriages furniture offices, watches, &c., made taxable by law for state purposes.	Amount of state tax levied on property taxable only for state purposes.	Whole amount of state tax assessed for 1846.
Addison,	$148,266	$444,79	$444,79	$2230,00	$13,37	$458,16
Allegheny,	62,954	188,86	188,86			188,86
Berlin borough,	59,165	117,48	117,48	1300,00	7,40	124,88
Brothersvalley,	203,207	609,62	609,62	2325,00	10,56	620,18
Conemaugh,	121,314	363,94	363,94	930,00	4,27	613,89
Elklick,	132,807	398,42	398,42	2900,00	8,70	407,12
Greenville,	54,590	163,77	163,77			163,77
Jenner,	183,437	550,31	550,31	1580,00	4,74	555,05
Milford,	233,090	699,27	699,27	3250,25	10,35	709,62
Paint,	38,951	116,85	116,85			116,85
Quemahoning,	100,883	302,64	302,64	1655,00	5,66	308,30
Somerset borough,	69,456	208,36	208,36	9551,00	87,88	296,24
Somerset tp.	333,601	1000,80	1000,80	1700,00	6,15	1006,95
Southampton,	81,160	243,48	243,48	1200,00	3,60	247,08
Stonycreek,	167,410	502,23	502,23	1355,00	4,27	506,50
Shade,	64,564	193,68	193,68			193,68
Stoystown bor.	28,519	85,55	85,55	800,00	5,25	90,80
Summit,	128,689	386,06	386,06	7385,00	26,25	412,31
Turkeyfoot,	147,279	441,83	441,83	1500,00	4,50	446,33
	$2,339,840	7017,94	7017,94	36661,25	202,95	7466,57

The undersigned Commissioners of Smerset county, do certify that the above is a correct statement of the aggregate value of assessment and valuation of the several objects made taxable by the laws of this Commonwealth for county and State purposes, which statement has been revised, corrected and equalized according to the m aning and intention of the law.

Given under our hands this 30th day of January 1846.

Attest—
R. L. STEWART, Clerk.

EREDERICK WEIMER,
JOHN R. KING,
PETER RERKEY,
} Commr's.

TERMS OF THE HERALD,

THIS paper is published every Tuesday, at $2 per annum, payable half-yearly in advance.—If not paid within the year, $2,50 will invariably be charged.

No subscription taken for less than six months—nor can a subscriber discontinue unless at the option of the editor, until arrearagesare paid off.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at $1 per square, for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for every subsequent insertion: longer ones in proportion.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in the Herald and Republican, three times, at $2 per square and 50 cents for every other insertion.

Trustees' Sale of REAL ESTATE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, there will be exposed to sale by way of public vendue or outcry on the premises, on the 28th day of February A. D. 1846. the following Real Estate late the estate of Conrad Beal deceased. viz:

One tract of land,

situate in Greenville tp. in the county of Somerset, containing about two hundred acres more or less, adjoining lands of Nicholas Beall; John Meese. Jacob Yeager, and others, with about Seventy acres of clear land on which is erected one Log House, also some fruit trees.

TERMS:—one third to remain a lien on the premises, the interest thereof to be paid to the widow semi annually during her life time, and at her death to be equally distributed among the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased. and the remainder one third in hand and the balance in three equal annual instalments without interest. Purchase money to be secured by judgment bonds.

Attendance will be given by Daniel Leply, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Conrad Beall deceased.

By order of the Court,
W. H. PICKING
Jan. 13 '46 Clerk.

Orphans' Court Sale OF Real Estate.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, there will be exposed to sale by way of public vendue or outcry on the premises on Friday the 20th day of March next the following real estate, late the property of John Kundle, deceased, to wit:—

A certain plantation

or tract of land, situate in Somerset tp. Somerset county, containing about two hundred and ninty acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Christian Ankeny, Jr. Jacob Ankeny of C. John Maust, Jacob Shallis and others. with a weatherboarded dwelling house and bank barn thereon erected. and two sugar camps on the premises; about one hundred and fifty acres cleared, at least thirty acres of which are in excellent meadow.

Terms—One third of the purchase money to remain a lien on the premises, the interest thereof to be paid to the widow of said deceased during her natural life annually, and after her death the principal to be paid to the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased; one half of the ballance in hand and the remainder in four equal annual payments without interest, to be secured by judgment bonds.

Attendance will be given by Adam Mowry and Henry J. Heiple, Trustees for the sale thereof.

By the Court
W. H. PICKING.
Feb 17 1846-4t. Clerk.

WANTED.

AN apprentice to the Hatting business, wanted. One from 16 to 17 years of age, of industrious habits, who can come well recommended, will be taken immediately.

jan13 JOHN C. KURTZ.

Notice.

Estate of William Barrick deceased.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of William Barrick, late of Allegheny township, deceased. having been granted to the subscriber residing in said township, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to attend at the late residence of said deceased. on Wednesday the 4th day of March next, prepared to settle; and those having claims, to present them at the same time and place properly autenticated.

JACOB HOON
jan27 '45-6t. Adm'r.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons concerned as legatees, creditors or otherwise, that the following accounts have been filed and passed register in the Register's office, for the county of Somerset, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' court for confirmation and allowance on *Monday, the 2nd day of March next*, at an adjourned Orphans' Court, viz:

Account of Jacob I. Younkin and Michael Sanner administrators of John J. Younkin deceased.

Account of Jacob Neff and Emanuel Smith, Executors of the last Will and Testament of George Michael Saylor deceased.

Account of Henry Martz and Richard Martz Executors of Jacob Martz. who was one of the administrators of Joseph Leidick late of Somerset county dec'd.

Account of John Hanna and Henry Glodfelty Executors of the last Will and Testament of Casper Glodfelty dec'd.

The Supplemental and final account of John Hanna Executor of the last Will and Testament of Peter Bowlin dec'd.

Account of John Chorpenning administrator of David Heminger dec'd.

Account of John Hanna administrator of Andrew Bird deceased.

Account of Jacob Young administrator of Jacob Young of Isaac, late of Wayne county Ohio, the said administrator also being the Guardian of Jacob Young of Isaac.

Account of David Knight and Abraham Crossan administrators of Henry Crossan, deceased.

Account of Nicholas Flamm and Jacob Mosholder administrators of Valentine Flamm, deceased.

Account of John Mitchel, Guardian of Mary Jane Augustine now Mary Jane Welch.

Account of George Chorpenning guardian of Sarah Flick now intermaried with Nehemia Miller one of the children and heirs of Frederick Flick, dec'd.

Account of George Chorpenning guardian of John Baptist Garman, one of the children and heirs of John Garman deceased.

Account of Samuel Huston and Chambers Huston administrators of Peter Huston deceased.

Account of Samuel Kimmel guardian of George Graham, Mary E. Mundock late Mary E. Graham and Ellen, James, Eliza, John and Julia, children and heirs of John Graham late of the borough of Stoystown deceased.

W. H. PICKING.
Jan 27 '46. Register.

JOHN CARSON. S. J. MCKNIGHT.

CARSON & McKNIGHT,

(successors to H. Coulter & Co.)

WHOLESASE Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, Dealers in Produce and Pittsburg Manufactures, Sixth street, between Wood and Liberty, Pittsburgh, Pa. jan1$

Notice.

Estate of Rogers Marshall deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Rogers Marshall, late of Stoystown borough, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned residing in said borough, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to attend at the late residence of said deceased on Wednesday the 18th day of March next. prepared to settle; and those having claims, to present them at the same time and place, properly authenticated.

PHOEBE MARSHALL.
feb3 '46 6t Administratrix.

STONE CUTTING

BUSINESS.

THE subscriberrespectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he carries on the

Stone Cutting Business

in all its various branches, at his shop on main street, 2 doors east of George Piles tavern, and nearly opposite the drug store of John L. Snyder.

TOMB STONES,

made at the shortest notice. and on the most reasonable terms, and in a manner that will render them *superior to any other manufactured in this section of the country.*

Grind stones of an excellent quality, always kept on hand.

Country produce taken in exchange for work, at Market Prices.

BENJAMIN WOOLLEY.
Somerset, Pa., March 5, 1845 1y.

SELECT SCHOOL.

THE undersigned would hereby give notice that he intends opening a select school, on Monday the 9th day of March next, in the new school house of this borough. Instruction will be given more or less extensively in Orthography, Reading, Penmanship, Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography, Algebra and Land surveying, at the following rates, during a session of thirteen weeks:—

Orthography, Reading and Penmanship $2 00
Arithmetic, English Grammar and Geography, 2 50
Algebra and Land surveying will be taught on reasonable terms.

Those studying the high branches will of course have the privilege of attending to the others without additional charges.

Every effort will be made by the instructor to promote the advancement of those who regularly attend the school.

Communications addressed to the undersigned will be promptly answered.

A. S. RUNNELLS.
Somerset, feb10'46 Instructor.

Constables' Stay Bonds For Sale at this Office

LAW NOTICE.

SAM'L W. PEARSON,

HAVING returned to the practice of the law, tenders his professional services to his old clients and the public generally.

Office in North end of Snyder's row, lately occupied by A. J. Ogle, Esq.

dec16 '45-3m

LOOK OUT FOR BREAKERS.

THE subscriber intending to close up his business, in this place, (having disposed of his stock) hereby notifies all persons having dealings with him, to call and settle their accounts, as soon as possible as all debts must be paid before the first day of March, 1846, after which time, those that do not attend to it, may expect to pay costs.

W. E. MILLER.
Somerset, jan 20 '46

Somerset County, ss.

AT an adjourned Orphans' court held at Somerset in and for said county on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1845. Before the Honorable Jeremiah S Black, and his associate judges of the same court.

On motion of Daniel Weyand, Esq. the court confirm the inquisition on the real estate of John Garman, dec'd, and grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, to appear at an adjourned Orphans' court, to be held at Somerset on the 2d day of March next, and accept or refuse to take the real estate of said John Garman, dec'd, at the appraised price.

Extract from the records of said court, certified this 8th day of December, 1845.

WM H PICKING,
dec26 '45 Clerk.

Somerset County, ss.

AT an adjourned Orphans' Court held at Somerset in and for said county, on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1845,. Before the Honorable Judges thereof.

On motion of F. M. Kimmel, Esq., the court confirm the inquisition on the real estate of Elizabeth Poorbaugh, deceased, and grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, to appear at an adjourned Orphans' Court, to be held at Somerset on Monday the 2d day of March next, and accept or refuse to take the real estate af said Elizabeth Poorbaugh, dec'd, at the appraised price.

Extract from the records of said court certified this 8th day of December, A. D. 1845. WM H PICKING,
dec23 '45 Clerk.

Somerset County, ss.

L.S. AT an adjourned Orphans' court held at Somerset on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1845. Before the Honorable Judges thereof.

IN the matter of the real estate of John Shaffer, deceased, viz: 350 acres of land situate in Allegheny township, sold by said Shaffer in his life time, to Jacob Knepper, and the interest of said Knepper transferred to Daniel Fichtner.

And now to wit, December 8, 1845, on petition of Solomon Bare, administrator of said deceased, and Daniel Fichtner, vendee of Jacob Knepper, the court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said John Shaffer, deceased, to appear at an adjourned Orphans' court to be held at Somerset, on the 2nd day of March next, and shew cause if any they have, why a specific performance of said contract should not be decreed, and the administrator aforesaid, allowed to execute a title to the said Daniel Fichtner.

Extract from the record, certified this 8th day of December, A D 1845.

WILLIAM H. PICKING,
jan13'46 Clerk.

Somerset County, ss.

L.S. AT an adjourned Orphans' court held at Somerset in and for said county on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1845. Before the Honorable Judges thereof.

IN the matter of the real estate of John Sutton, dec'd. viz: 156 acres of land, situate in Somerset township, sold by John Sutton in his lifetime to Samuel Metzler, per article of agreement dated 25th day of January, 1827.

And now to wit, December 8th, 1845, on petition of William King and John Cobaugh, executors of the last will and testament of John Sutton, deceased, the court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, to appear at an adjourned Orphans' court to be held at Somerset on Monday the 2d day of March, 1846, and shew cause, if any they have, why a specific performance of said contract should not be decreed, and the executors aforesaid allowed to execute a title to the purchaser agreeably to the terms and conditions of said agreement.

Extract from the records of said court, certified December 8th, 1845.

WM H PICKING,
dec23 '45 Clerk.

Stray Cow.

CAME trespassing on the premises of the subscriber in Southampton tp., Somerset county, on the first day of Dec. 1845, a Red Cow with white face, blind in right eye, about six years old. The owner is requested to come forward prove property pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of as the law directs.

Jan. 11. 1846.

HENRY HOSELROTH.
February 17 1845-3t

Brown Muslins, &c.

1000 YDS. Brown Muslins; Cotton Yarn; Cotton Laps, Wadding, and the best Candle Wick, for sale at the

dec16 THREE BIG DOORS.

THREE BIG DOORS.

WAR WITH MEXICO

has not yet commenced, and we are still selling goods at the above stand—at very reduced prices.

WE have received 'this day' from Philadelphia, Baltimore and Pittsburg, a variety of

DRY GOODS.

consisting in part of

CLOTHS of various qualities and colors
CASSIMERES do do do
SATTINETTS do do do
JEANS do do do

LADIES GOODS—such as Romelia stripe, Polka Cashmere, Cashmere De Cosse, Afghan Satin, plain, figured and changeable Alpachas, Mouslin de Laines, &c, &c, &c.

In selling boots and shoes,
We promise to beat the Jews.

ALSO, on hand a choice lot of Groceries, Hardware and Queensware; all of which we shall endeavor to sell on such terms, as to induce a generous public to give us a liberal support.

Don't forget the place, remember the Three Big Doors.

sept30 I J & H F SCHELL.

VALUABLE Real Estate FOR SALE.

THE subscribers, agents and attorneys for A G Cole, offer for sale on advantageous terms, the following described real estate, to wit: That well known

TAVERN STAND AND FARM,

late the property of Jacob Probasco and John Baker, Esq. on the *National Road*, in Henry Clay township, Fayette county, Pa, and one mile west of the village of Somerfield in Somerset county, together with the appurtenances thereunto belonging. This property consists of about one hundred and fifty-three acres of land, a greater portion of which is cleared and under cultivation and in meadow. The buildings consist of a large and convenient

DWELLING HOUSE,

partly stone and partly frame, commodious stabling and other out-buildings.

The location of this property being one mile from the town of Somerfield, abounding in wood and *Stone coal*; having a *Saw Mill* and *Grist Mill* adjacent thereto and plenty of water remaining through the land, renders it an important and valuable situation for any kind of business. The premises have been for a long time occupied as a *Tavern Stand*. The stand is admirably adapted for the accommodation of all kinds of *Droves*.

Persons desirous of purchasing the property, are requested to call on Joshua B. Howel and E. P. Oliphant, of Uniontown, Pa., who will give every information desired, concerning said property.

HOWEL & OLIPHANT,
Attorneys of A G Cole, of Balt.
july22 '45-tf

HOTEL FOR INVALIDS AT PITTSBURGH.

Drs. Speer and Kuhn.

THE object of this establishment is to supply a want greatly felt by respectable travellers on our western highways—by residents. without family, taken sick—and by patients from the surrounding towns and country who resort to this place for relief from surgical and other diseases. Such have often suffered from the want of the various comforts and attentions so necessary and agreeable to the sick, and from careless and unfaithful nurses; and been subjected to heavy and unreasonable charges.

Invalids will here be provided with constant, faithful and comfortable attendance, and at a rate much below the usual charges.

While the care of both physicians will be extended to every variety of disease, it is intended by Dr. Speer, to give special attention to

ALL SURGICAL DISEASES,
PARTICULARLY TO
DISEASES OF THE EYE.

To these branches of his profession he has given a large share of his attenion for the last twenty-five years, and he will continue to devote to them the experience acquired by a constant practice during that time.

The Hotel for Invalids is not an experiment. Its establishment is suggested not only as necessary to supply an evident want in this city, in the entire absence of any special provision for the sick, but is warranted also by the success of similar institutions at Cincinnati and New Orleans—the former under the care of Drs. Taliaferro, Marshall and Strader—the latter under that of Dr. Stone.

The building selected for the purpose is situated at the corner of Federal and Robinson streets, in Allegheny city, adjoining the city of Pittsburgh. It is commodious and roomy, and furnished with all accommodations necessary for the sick.

Applications for admission to be made to the subscribers, at their office on Penn street, Pittsburgh, or at the establishment.

☞No contagious diseases will be admitted.

J. R. SPEER, M. D.
J. S. KUHN, M. D.
February 25, 1845.

Somerset County, ss.

AT an adjourned Orphans' Court held at Somerset in and for said county on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1845. Before the Honorable Judges thereof.

On motion of Daniel Weyand, Esq. the court confirm the inquisition on the real estate of John Garman, dec'd, and grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, to appear at an adjourned Orphans' court, to be held at Somerset on the 2d day of March next, and accept or refuse to take the real estate of said John Garman, dec'd, at the appraised price.

Extract from the records of said court, certified this 8th day of December, 1845.

WM H PICKING,
dec26 '45 Clerk.

Somerset County, ss.

AT an adjourned Orphans' Court held at Somerset in and for said county, on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1845,. Before the Honorable Judges thereof.

On motion of F. M. Kimmel, Esq., the court confirm the inquisition on the real estate of Elizabeth Poorbaugh, deceased, and grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, to appear at an adjourned Orphans' Court, to be held at Somerset on Monday the 2d day of March next, and accept or refuse to take the real estate af said Elizabeth Poorbaugh, dec'd, at the appraised price.

Extract from the records of said court certified this 8th day of December, A. D. 1845. WM H PICKING,
dec23 '45 Clerk.

Somerset County, ss.

L.S. AT an adjourned Orphans' court held at Somerset on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1845. Before the Honorable Judges thereof.

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And now to wit, December 8, 1845, on petition of Solomon Bare, administrator of said deceased, and Daniel Fichtner, vendee of Jacob Knepper, the court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said John Shaffer, deceased, to appear at an adjourned Orphans' court to be held at Somerset, on the 2nd day of March next, and shew cause if any they have, why a specific performance of said contract should not be decreed, and the administrator aforesaid, allowed to execute a title to the said Daniel Fichtner.

Extract from the record, certified this 8th day of December, A D 1845.

WILLIAM H. PICKING,
jan13'46 Clerk.

Somerset County, ss.

L.S. AT an adjourned Orphans' court held at Somerset in and for said county on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1845. Before the Honorable Judges thereof.

IN the matter of the real estate of John Sutton, dec'd. viz: 156 acres of land, situate in Somerset township, sold by John Sutton in his lifetime to Samuel Metzler, per article of agreement dated 25th day of January, 1827.

And now to wit, December 8th, 1845, on petition of William King and John Cobaugh, executors of the last will and testament of John Sutton, deceased, the court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, to appear at an adjourned Orphans' court to be held at Somerset on Monday the 2d day of March, 1846, and shew cause, if any they have, why a specific performance of said contract should not be decreed, and the executors aforesaid allowed to execute a title to the purchaser agreeably to the terms and conditions of said agreement.

Extract from the records of said court, certified December 8th, 1845.

WM H PICKING,
dec23 '45 Clerk.

Somerset County, ss.

AT an adjourned Orphans' Court held at Somerset in and for said county on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1845. Before the Honorable Jeremiah S. Black, Esq. and his associate Judges of the same court.

On motion of F M Kimmel, Esq. the court confirm the inquisition on the real estate of Henry Geisey, dec'd. and grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, to appear at an adjourned Orphans' court to be held at Somerset on Monday the 2d day of March next, and accept or refuse to take the real estate of said Henry Geisey, deceased, at the appraised valuation.

Extract from the records of said court, certified this 8th day of December, A. D. 1845. WM H PICKING,
dec23 '45 Clerk.

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILL.

For the cure of Hepatites or Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and Sick Head-Ache.

THIS remedy having been for several years employed by the proprietor in his practice, on a very large scale in Monongalia, Preston, Harrison and Randolph counties, in Virginia, besides several other places, and having been attended with the most happy effects, he has been from time to time solicited to adopt such a course as would give it a more extensive circulation, with a view to lessen the amount of human suffering. Aware of the fact that many useless nostrums have been palmed upon the public, he hesitated for several years until thoroughly convinced that the above medicine, if properly used, would not fail to effect cures in a great many instances, and even to alleviate those cases which are quite incurable.

Symptoms of a diseased Liver.—Pain in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increased on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder-blade, it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatism in the right arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels, in general, are costive, sometimes altering with lax, the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the scin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body after death has shown the liver to have been extensively deranged.

CERTIFICATES.

This is to certify, that having been associated with Dr. M'Lane in the practice of medicine for nearly two and a half years, I have had many opportunities of witnessing the good effects of his Liver Pills, and I believe they have cured and relieved a much larger proportion of the diseases of the liver, than I have known cured and relieved by any other course of treatment.

Dec. 7, 1836. OLIVER MORGAN, M.D.

☞OBSERVE—None are genuine without a fac-simile of the proprietor's signature.

Prepared for the proprietor by
JONATHAN KIDD & Co,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist, corner of 4th and Wood sts, Pittsburg. Pa,

They are also sold by the following agents.
John L. Snyder, Somerset,
Hay & Morrison, Lavansville,
Knable and Vought, Centreville,
M. A. Ross, Petersburgh,
A. Wyatt, Smithfield,
G. Cook, Wellersburgh.

N. B.—In order that there may be no mistake, be particular and ask for "Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills." [jan13'46]

Patent Vermifuge.

DR. MCLANE'S AMERICAN WORM SPECIFIC
Promptly expels Worms to an almost incredible number!

TO substantiate the above fact many hundreds of testimonials could be adduced, out of which the following are selected, from individuals of standing and veracity. Indeed, it is confidently affirmed that each new trial of the powers of this remedy will have an additional tendency to widen and confirm its fame, and that if it were universally known and diffused over the United States, it would not save less than many hundreds, if not thousands of lives annually.

CERTIFICATES.

I do certify that a vial of Dr. M'Lane's American Worm Specific expelled five hundred and two whole worms and pieces that would have made sixty more, from a boy of John Lewelling, which, if laid in a straight line, would have most probably measured the enormous length of one hundred yards. JOSIAH JACKSON, owner of Wate. Forge, and other works, Monongalia county, Va.

This is to certify that I purchased from Holmes & Kidd a vial of Dr. M'Lane's American Worm Specific, and gave two doses to a boy of mine about three years years of age. He passed fully half a pint of worms. The quantity was so large I was really alarmed, and called in several of my neighbors to see them. Had this story been related to me, I could not have credited it, without being an eye-witness to the same. My child's health improved much after.

SAM'L MORRISON,
Merchant Tailor, Wood st, Pittsburgh.

Some two months ago I purchased a vial of Dr M'Lanes American Worm Specific. I gave a boy of mine most of a vial; he passed forty very large worms. From that time his health improved very much. I had tried two other Vermifuges to no purpose. I believe Dr, M'Lane's the best article before the public. D. CALHOUN.
Mifflin township, Allegheny county.

HEAR MEDICAL TESTIMONY.

From a regular Physician, Dr G S Smith, Sunfish, Ohio.

Mr. J. Kidd—Dear Sir—I have used in my pactice Dr. M'Lane's American Worm Specific, and have often witnessed its efficacy in expelling worms from the system. A patient of mine, a short time ago, gave a vial of the Worm Specific to a child; in a short time upwards of sixty-five worms were expelled.

Prepared for the proprietor by
JONATHAN KIDD & Co.
Wholesale and Retail Druggists, corner of 4th and Wood sts, Pittsburgh.

Also for sale by the following agents
JOHN L. SNYDER, Somerset,
Hay and Morrison, Lavansville,
Knable and Vought, Centreville,
M. A. Ross, Petersburgh,
A. Wyatt, Smithfield,
G. Cook, Wellersburgh.

N. B. Be particular to ask for Dr. M'Lane's American Worm Specific, or Patent Vermifuge.